IN THE CLAIMS

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the above-referenced application:

1. (Currently Amended) A computerized method for processing of start-conditions processed by a computer system acting as a Workflow-Management-System (WFMS) or a computer system with comparable functionality, said WFMS comprising at least one process-model, said process-model modeling a process comprising one or more process-activities being nodes of an arbitrary graph and directed control-connectors of said graph defining a potential control flow within said process-model; and said method:

in a standard behavior of processing start-conditions, evaluating; if a target-activity representing a work item of said process may be started; by evaluating a truth-value of a start-condition once truth-values of all incoming control-connectors of said target-activity have been posted; and

said method being further characterized by comprising a timed-evaluation-step, said timed-evaluation step comprising the steps of:

evaluating; if at least a first one of said incoming control-connectors is associated with a time-interval <u>defining a maximum period of time</u>, as measured from a reference point, after <u>which the target-activity is to be started</u>, and <u>evaluating</u> if said time-interval has been met <u>expired</u>,

and, in the affirmative case, said timed-evaluation-step, as a deviation from the standard behavior of processing start-conditions, continuing the processing to start said target-activity even if not all truth-values of said incoming control-connectors have been posted yet,

if the truth-value of said first incoming control-connector has been posted, and if said truth-value evaluates to TRUE.

2. (Previously Presented) A method for processing of start-conditions according to claim 1, wherein said first incoming control-connector is associated with a commencing-activity, the commencing-activity corresponding to one of the process-activities in the process model, and wherein said timed-evaluation-step uses as a starting point for said time-interval the point in time when said commencing-activity is completed.

3. (Previously Presented) A method for processing of start-conditions according to claim2,

wherein said first incoming control-connector is associated with a path from said commencing-activity to said target-activity, and

said timed-evaluation-step is continuing the processing to start said target-activity, if said associated path has been traversed.

4. (Currently Amended) A system for processing start-conditions of one or more processactivities of a process, the system comprising means adapted for carrying out the steps of the method according to any one of the preceding claims to:

in a standard behavior of processing start-conditions, evaluate if a target-activity representing a work item of a process may be started by evaluating a truth-value of a start-condition once truth-values of all incoming control-connectors of said target-activity have been posted; and initiate a timed-evaluation-step, said timed-evaluation step comprising the steps of:

with a time-interval defining a maximum period of time, as measured from a reference point, after which the target-activity is to be started, and evaluating if said time-interval has expired.

and, in the affirmative case, said timed-evaluation-step, as a deviation from the standard behavior of processing start-conditions, continuing the processing to start said target-activity even if not all truth-values of said incoming control-connectors have been posted yet, if the truth-value of said first incoming control-connector has been posted, and if said truth-value evaluates to TRUE.

5. (Currently Amended) A data processing program for execution in a data processing system for processing start-conditions of one or more process-activities of a process, the data processing program comprising software code portions for performing a method according to claims 1, 2 or 3 which when executed implement the steps of:

in a standard behavior of processing start-conditions, evaluate if a target-activity representing a work item of said process may be started by evaluating a truth-value of a start-

condition once truth-values of all incoming control-connectors of said target-activity have been posted; and initiate a timed-evaluation-step, said timed-evaluation step comprising the steps of:

with a time-interval defining a maximum period of time, as measured from a reference point, after which the target-activity is to be started, and evaluating if said time-interval has expired,

and, in the affirmative case, said timed-evaluation-step, as a deviation from the standard behavior of processing start-conditions, continuing the processing to start said target-activity even if not all truth-values of said incoming control-connectors have been posted yet,

if the truth-value of said first incoming control-connector has been posted, and if said truth-value evaluates to TRUE.

6. (Currently Amended) A computer program product stored on a computer usable medium, comprising computer readable program means for causing which, when executed, causes a computer to perform a method according to claims 1, 2 or 3 the following steps:

in a standard behavior of processing start-conditions, evaluate if a target-activity representing a work item of a process may be started by evaluating a truth-value of a start-condition once truth-values of all incoming control-connectors of said target-activity have been posted; and initiate a timed-evaluation-step, said timed-evaluation step comprising the steps of:

with a time-interval defining a maximum period of time, as measured from a reference point, after which the target-activity is to be started, and evaluating if said time-interval has expired.

and, in the affirmative case, said timed-evaluation-step, as a deviation from the standard behavior of processing start-conditions, continuing the processing to start said target-activity even if not all truth-values of said incoming control-connectors have been posted yet, if the truth-value of said first incoming control-connector has been posted, and if said truth-value evaluates to TRUE..

7. (Currently Amended) A computer-based process management system comprising at least one process-model, the process-model modeling a process comprising one or more process-activities being nodes of an arbitrary graph and directed control-connectors of the graph defining

a potential control flow within the process-model, the system being operative: (i) to evaluate if a target-activity representing a work item of the process may be started by evaluating a truth-value of a start-condition once truth-values of all incoming control-connectors of the target-activity have been posted; and (ii) to perform a timed-evaluation-step, the timed-evaluation step evaluating:

if at least a first one of the incoming control-connectors is associated with a timeinterval <u>defining a maximum period of time</u>, as measured from a reference point, after <u>which the target-activity is to be started</u>, and

if the time-interval has been met expired,

and, in the affirmative case, the timed-evaluation-step continuing the processing to start the target-activity even if not all truth-values of the incoming control-connectors have been posted yet,

if the truth-value of the first incoming control-connector has been posted, and if the truth-value evaluates to TRUE.

8. (Currently Amended) An article of manufacture for processing start-conditions processed by a computer system acting as a Workflow-Management-System (WFMS) or a computer system with comparable functionality, the WFMS comprising at least one process-model, the process-model modeling a process comprising one or more process-activities being nodes of an arbitrary graph and directed control-connectors of the graph defining a potential control flow within the process-model, the article of manufacture comprising a machine readable medium containing one or more programs which when executed implement the steps of:

evaluating if a target-activity representing a work item of the process may be started by evaluating a truth-value of a start-condition once truth-values of all incoming control-connectors of the target-activity have been posted; and

performing a timed-evaluation-step, the timed-evaluation step evaluating:

if at least a first one of the incoming control-connectors is associated with a timeinterval <u>defining a maximum period of time</u>, as measured from a reference point, after <u>which the target-activity is to be started</u>, and

if the time-interval has been met expired,

and, in the affirmative case, the timed-evaluation-step continuing the processing to start the target-activity even if not all truth-values of the incoming control-connectors have been posted yet,

if the truth-value of the first incoming control-connector has been posted, and if the truth-value evaluates to TRUE.

- 9. (Previously Presented) The article of manufacture recited in claim 8, wherein the first incoming control-connector is associated with a commencing-activity, the commencing-activity corresponding to one of the process-activities in the process model, and wherein the timed-evaluation-step uses as a starting point for the time-interval the point in time when the commencing-activity is completed.
- 10. (Previously Presented) The article of manufacture recited in claim 8, wherein the first incoming control-connector is associated with a path from the commencing-activity to the target-activity, and the timed-evaluation-step continues processing to start the target-activity, if the associated path has been traversed.
- 11. (New) A computerized method for processing start-conditions of process-activities in a computer system operative as a workflow management system (WFMS), the WFMS comprising at least one process-model for representing a process, the process-model forming an arbitrary graph comprising a plurality of nodes and corresponding control-connectors, each of the process-activities being represented by a given one of the nodes in the arbitrary graph and each of the control-connectors defining a potential control flow within the process-model, the method comprising the steps of:

in a first mode of processing, determining whether a target-activity representing a work item of the process may be started by evaluating a truth-value of a start-condition once truth-values of all incoming control-connectors of the target-activity have been posted; and

performing a timed-evaluation procedure, the timed-evaluation procedure comprising:

determining whether at least a first one of the incoming control-connectors of the target-activity is associated with a time-interval, the time-interval specifying a maximum period of time, as measured from a specified reference point, after which the target-activity is to be started;

when the first incoming control-connector is associated with a time-interval, determining whether the time-interval has expired;

when the time-interval has expired, in a second mode of processing, continuing the processing to start the target-activity even if the truth-values of all the incoming control-connectors have not yet been posted; and

repeating the timed-evaluation procedure for another one of the control-connectors, until all of the control-connectors of the target-activity have been evaluated;

wherein the second mode of processing is automatically selected when the truth-value of the first incoming control-connector has been posted, and when the truth-value evaluates to TRUE.